



● **MIDAS FUND**  
 Ticker: MIDSX

● **MIDAS MAGIC**  
 Ticker: MISEX

This prospectus, dated April 28, 2017 contains information you should know about Midas Fund and Midas Magic (each a “Fund” and together, the “Funds”) before you invest. Each Fund is a series of Midas Series Trust (“Trust”).

The Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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## FUND SUMMARY

### MIDAS FUND

#### INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Fund seeks primarily capital appreciation and protection against inflation and, secondarily, current income.

#### FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

##### Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases	NONE
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)	NONE
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends	NONE
Redemption Fee on shares redeemed within 30 days of purchase	1.00%

##### Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	1.00%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	0.25%
Other Expenses	2.14%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	3.39%

##### EXAMPLE:

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. This example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. This example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
\$342	\$1,042	\$1,765	\$3,676

##### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual Fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 2% of the average value of its portfolio.

#### INVESTMENTS, RISKS, AND PERFORMANCE

##### Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

In pursuit of its investment objectives, the Fund invests at least 65% of its total assets in (i) securities (e.g., common and preferred stocks, bonds, convertible securities, etc.) of companies primarily involved, directly or indirectly, in the business of mining, processing, fabricating, distributing or otherwise dealing in gold, silver, platinum, other precious metals, or other natural resources ("Natural Resources Companies") and (ii) gold, silver, and platinum bullion and coins. Up to 35% of the Fund's total assets may be invested in securities of companies that derive a portion of their gross revenues, directly or indirectly, from the business of mining, processing, fabricating, distributing, or otherwise dealing in gold, silver, platinum, or other natural resources, and in securities of selected growth companies. The Fund may invest in domestic and foreign companies of any size. The investment manager seeks companies that it believes have attractive fundamentals and often looks at company characteristics such as people, projects, and pricing. A security is typically sold when its potential to meet the Fund's investment objectives is limited or exceeded by another potential investment opportunity, when an investment in an issuer no longer appears to meet the Fund's investment objectives, or when the Fund must meet redemptions. In seeking to enhance returns, the Fund may use futures, options, and short sales, and may use leverage to the extent permitted under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). The Fund concentrates its investments by investing at least 25% of its total assets in Natural

Resources Companies. The Fund may trade securities actively in pursuit of its investment objectives. The Fund also may lend its portfolio securities to brokers, dealers, and other financial institutions.

### **Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund**

An investment in the Fund is not a bank deposit. It is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or any other government agency. It is not a complete investment program and you could lose money by investing in the Fund.

*Investments in Gold, Silver, Platinum, and Other Precious Metals.* Investment in gold, silver, platinum, and other precious metals are considered speculative. The Fund's investments can be significantly affected by developments in the precious metals industry and are linked to the prices of gold, silver, platinum, and other precious metals. These prices can be influenced by a variety of global economic, financial, and political factors and may fluctuate substantially over short periods of time and be more volatile than other types of investments. Economic, political, or other conditions affecting one or more of the major sources of gold, silver, platinum, or other precious metals could have a substantial effect on supply and demand in countries throughout the world. Additionally, the majority of such producers are domiciled in a limited number of countries. Moreover, under the federal tax law, the Fund may not earn more than 10% of its annual gross income from gains resulting from selling precious metals and certain other non-securities related sources. Accordingly, the Fund may be required to hold precious metals or to sell them at a loss, or to sell securities at a gain, when for investment reasons it would not otherwise do so.

*Natural Resources Companies.* The profitability of Natural Resources Companies can be significantly affected by the supply of and demand for the produced commodities and related services, exploration and production spending and success, government regulations and taxes, international political developments, and economic conditions. The operations and financial performance of Natural Resources Companies may be directly affected by the prices of the produced commodities, especially those Natural Resources Companies whose reserves of the commodities are significant assets. The value of securities issued by Natural Resources Companies may also be affected by changes in overall market movements, changes in interest rates, inflation rates, or investor expectations concerning such rates, or factors affecting a particular industry or commodity, such as weather, embargoes, tariffs, policies of commodity cartels, and international economic, political, and regulatory developments. In addition, companies in the natural resources sector may be subject to the risks generally associated with extraction of natural resources, such as the risks of mining and oil drilling, and the risks of the hazards associated with natural resources, such as natural or man-made disasters, fire, drought, liability for environmental damage claims, and increased regulatory and environmental costs. It is possible that the performance of securities of Natural Resources Companies may lag the performance of other industries or the broader market as a whole. The prices of Natural Resources Company stocks may exhibit greater price volatility than other types of stocks.

*Depletion and Exploration Risk.* To maintain or increase their revenue level, Natural Resources Companies or their customers need to maintain or expand their reserves and production through exploration, development, acquisitions, or other methods. The financial performance of Natural Resources Companies may be adversely affected if they, or the companies to whom they provide products or services, are unable to cost-effectively expand reserves or production sufficiently to replace current depletion.

*Precious Metals Mining Company Risk.* The profitability of companies involved in precious metals mining and related activities is significantly affected by changes in the market prices of precious metals. Precious metals mining companies also face risks related to their operations that may affect overall profitability. These risks include the uncertainty and cost of mineral exploration and acquisitions and the uncertainties and unexpected problems and delays in developing mines. In addition, the business of precious metals mining is subject to numerous risks that could adversely impact such companies. These risks include environmental hazards, industrial accidents, underground fires, labor disputes, unexpected geological formations, availability of appropriately skilled persons, unanticipated ground and water conditions, fall of ground accidents, legal and regulatory restrictions, and seismic activity.

*Climate Change Risk.* The Fund is subject to the special risks associated with climate change. Weather may play a role in the cash flows of the Natural Resources Companies in which the Fund invests. Although many of the companies in this sector can reasonably predict seasonal weather patterns, extreme weather conditions, such as those that may result from climate change, many be unpredictable. The damage done by extreme weather could adversely affect the financial condition of such companies. Additionally, new or strengthened regulations or legislation could increase the operating costs and/or decrease the revenues of Natural Resources Companies.

*Market.* The market risks associated with investing in the Fund are those related to fluctuations in the value of the investments in the Fund's portfolio. A risk of investing in stocks, precious metals, and other instruments is that their value will go up and down, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably, reflecting overall economic conditions and other factors and you could lose money. The Fund may invest in emerging companies, such as start-ups and spin-offs, and special situations, which include companies undergoing unusual or possibly one time developments such as reorganizations or liquidations. These investments may involve above average market price volatility and greater risk of loss. Certain unanticipated events, such as natural disasters, terrorism, war, and other geopolitical events, can have a dramatic adverse effect on the investments held by the Fund.

*Concentration.* The Fund is subject to industry concentration risk, which is the risk that the Fund's performance can be significantly affected by economic, market, political or regulatory occurrences affecting the precious metals and natural resources industries.

*Foreign Investments.* Investments in the securities of foreign issuers involve certain considerations and risks not ordinarily associated with investments in securities of domestic issuers. Foreign companies are not generally subject to the same accounting, auditing, and financial standards and requirements as those applicable to U.S. companies. There may be less publicly available information about a foreign company than a U.S. company. Investments in foreign securities could expose the Fund to the direct or indirect consequences of political, social, or economic changes in the countries where those securities are issued or in which the issuers are located. With respect to certain countries, there are risks of expropriation, confiscatory taxation, political or social instability, or diplomatic developments that could affect assets of the Fund held in custody in those foreign countries. If the value of any foreign currency in which the Fund's investments are denominated declines relative to the U.S. dollar, the value of the Fund's investments is expected to decline proportionately. In addition, a portfolio that includes foreign securities can expect to have a higher expense ratio because of the increased transaction costs on non-U.S. securities markets and the increased costs of maintaining the custody of foreign securities. In addition, investing in emerging (less developed) markets may involve higher levels of each of these risks.

*Pricing.* Many factors may influence the price at which the Fund could sell any particular portfolio investment. The sales price may well differ—higher or lower—from the Fund's last valuation, and such differences could be significant, particularly for illiquid securities and securities that trade in relatively thin markets and/or markets that experience extreme volatility. If market conditions make it difficult to value some investments, the Fund may value these investments using more subjective methods, such as fair value pricing. In such cases, the value determined for an investment could be different than the value realized upon such investment's sale. As a result, you could pay more than the market value when buying Fund shares or receive less than the market value when selling Fund shares.

*Non-Diversification.* The Fund is non-diversified, which means that it is not limited by the 1940 Act in the proportion of its assets that may be invested in the securities or obligations of a single issuer. As a result, the Fund may hold a smaller number of issuers than if it were diversified. Investing in a non-diversified fund could involve more risk than investing in a fund that holds a broader range of securities because changes in the financial condition of a single issuer could cause greater fluctuation in the fund's total returns.

*Small Capitalization.* The Fund may invest in companies that are small or thinly capitalized and may have a limited operating history. Investments in small-cap companies may involve greater risks than investments in larger, more established issuers because they generally are more vulnerable than stocks of larger companies to adverse business or economic developments. The securities of small companies generally are less liquid and have narrower product lines, more limited financial resources, and more limited markets for their stock as compared with larger companies. As a result, the value of such securities may be more volatile than the securities of larger companies. During broad market downturns, the Fund's net asset value ("NAV") may fall further than those of funds investing in larger companies. Full development of small capitalization companies takes time, and for this reason, among others, the Fund should be considered a long term investment and not a vehicle for seeking short term profit.

*Medium and Large Capitalization.* Compared to smaller companies, medium and large-cap companies may be less responsive to changes and opportunities. At times, the stocks of larger companies may lag other types of stocks in performance. Compared to larger companies, medium companies may have a shorter history of operations, and may have limited product lines, markets or financial resources.

*Leverage.* The Fund may use leverage to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. Leveraging (buying securities using borrowed money) exaggerates the effect on NAV of any increase or decrease in the market value of the Fund's investments. Money the Fund borrows for leveraging is limited to 33 1/3% of the value of its total assets. These borrowings would be subject to interest costs that may or may not be offset by income or capital gain from the securities purchased. There can be no assurance that the Fund's use of leverage will be successful.

*Short Selling, Options, and Futures Transactions.* The Fund may engage in short selling, options, and futures transactions to increase returns. There is a risk that these transactions may reduce returns or increase volatility. The Fund may incur a loss as a result of a short position if the price of the asset sold short increases in value between the date of the short position sale and the date on which an offsetting position is purchased, plus any premiums or interest paid to the third party. Because the Fund's potential loss on a short position arises from increases in the value of the asset sold short, the extent of such loss, like the price of the asset sold short, is theoretically unlimited. In addition, derivatives, such as options and futures, can be illiquid and highly sensitive to changes in their underlying security, interest rate or index, and as a result can be highly volatile. Derivatives also may be subject to certain other risks such as leverage risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk, market risk, credit risk, the risk that a counterparty may be unable or unwilling to honor its obligations, management risk and the risk of mispricing or improper valuation. A small investment in certain derivatives could have a potentially large impact on the Fund's performance.

*Security Selection.* The securities selected for the Fund's portfolio may decline in value. The investment manager could be wrong in its analysis of industries, companies, economic trends, the relative attractiveness of different securities, or other matters. As a result, the Fund may underperform the markets, its benchmark index or other funds with the same objective or in the same asset class.

*In-Kind Redemptions.* The Fund may require redeeming shareholders to accept readily tradable gold, silver, platinum, or other precious metals bullion, coins, exchange traded fund (“ETF”) shares, or other Fund holdings in complete or partial payment of redemptions.

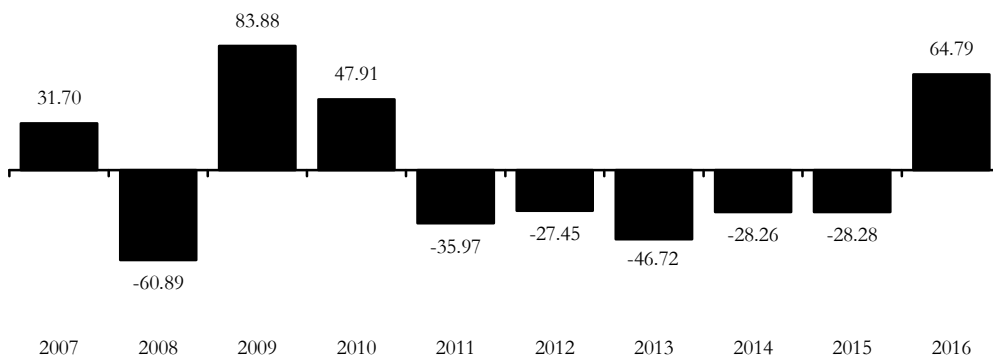
*Active Trading.* The Fund may trade securities actively. This strategy could increase transaction costs, reduce performance, and result in increased taxable distributions, which could lower the Fund’s after tax performance.

*Cybersecurity Risk.* With the increased use of technologies such as the Internet to conduct business, the Fund is susceptible to operational, information security, and related risks. Cyber incidents affecting the Fund or its service providers may cause disruptions and impact business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, interference with the Fund’s ability to calculate its NAV, impediments to trading, the inability of shareholders to transact business, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional related costs.

**Past Performance**

The following bar chart provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund’s performance from year to year. The following table compares the Fund’s average annual returns for the 1, 5, and 10 year periods with appropriate broad based securities market indices. The Morningstar Specialty Fund-Precious Metals Average (“PMA”) is an equally weighted average of the managed precious metals funds tracked by Morningstar which reflects the market sectors in which the Fund may invest. **Past performance (before and after taxes) is not predictive of future performance.**

**MIDAS FUND – Year-by-year total return as of 12/31 each year (%)**



Best Quarter:  
1/1/2016 – 3/31/2016  
45.07%

Worst Quarter:  
7/1/08 – 9/30/08  
(41.51)%

**AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS**

For the periods ended December 31, 2016

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Return Before Taxes	64.79%	(20.00)%	(11.52)%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	64.79%	(20.00)%	(11.64)%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	36.67%	(13.38)%	(7.30)%
S&P 500 Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	11.96%	14.66%	6.94%
PMA (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	54.81%	(13.05)%	(3.02)%

The Fund’s returns shown above include the effect of reinvesting dividends and capital gain distributions. After tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. In certain cases, the figure representing “Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares” may be *higher* than the other return figures for the same period. A higher after tax return can occur when a capital loss occurs upon redemption and translates into an assumed tax deduction that benefits the shareholder. Because actual after tax returns depend on a shareholder’s tax situation, returns may vary from those shown. After tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

**MANAGEMENT**

**Investment Manager**

Midas Management Corporation

**Portfolio Manager**

Thomas B. Winmill, President and Trustee, has managed the Fund since 2002.

*For important information about the purchase and sale of Fund shares, tax information, and financial intermediary compensation, please turn to “Important Additional Information” on page 11 of the prospectus.*

# MIDAS MAGIC

## INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Fund seeks capital appreciation.

## FEES AND EXPENSES OF THE FUND

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

### Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases	NONE
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)	NONE
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends	NONE
Redemption Fee on shares redeemed within 30 days of purchase	1.00%

### Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.97%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	0.25%
Other Expenses	2.58%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	3.80%

### EXAMPLE:

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. This example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. This example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
\$382	\$1,161	\$1,958	\$4,036

### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual Fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the Fund's most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 49% of the average value of its portfolio.

## INVESTMENTS, RISKS, AND PERFORMANCE

### Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

In pursuit of its investment objective, the Fund may invest in any security type (e.g., common and preferred stocks, bonds, convertible securities, etc.) and in any industry sector, in domestic or foreign companies, and in companies of any size. Generally, the investment manager seeks what it believes to be quality companies with unique combinations of strength in operations, products, and finances with either growth or value characteristics. A security is typically sold when its potential to meet the Fund's investment objective is limited or exceeded by another potential investment, when an investment in an issuer no longer appears to meet the Fund's investment objective, or when the Fund must meet redemptions. In seeking to enhance returns, the Fund may use futures, options, and short sales and may use leverage to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. To achieve the Fund's objective, the investment manager may use a seasonal investing strategy to invest the Fund's assets to gain exposure to the securities markets during periods anticipated to be favorable based on patterns of investor behavior as driven by and related to accounting periods, taxable events, and other calendar related phenomena. The investment manager's analysis also takes into consideration those periods during the year in which it anticipates that investors are more likely to invest additional money into the securities markets. These periods can be related to accounting periods and may be further refined by considerations of tax cycles, holidays, and other factors. The Fund may trade securities actively in pursuit of its investment objective.

### Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

An investment in the Fund is not a bank deposit. It is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or any other government agency. It is not a complete investment program and you could lose money by investing in the Fund.

*Market.* The market risks associated with investing in the Fund are those related to fluctuations in the value of the investments in the Fund's portfolio. A risk of investing in stocks and other instruments is that their value will go up and down, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably, reflecting overall economic conditions and other factors and you could lose money. The Fund may invest in emerging companies, such as start-ups and spin-offs, and special situations, which include companies undergoing unusual or possibly one time developments such as reorganizations or liquidations. These investments may involve above average market price volatility and greater risk of loss. Certain unanticipated events, such as natural disasters, terrorism, war, and other geopolitical events, can have a dramatic adverse effect on the investments held by the Fund.

*Non-Diversification.* The Fund is non-diversified, which means that it is not limited by the 1940 Act in the proportion of its assets that may be invested in the securities or obligations of a single issuer. As a result, the Fund may hold a smaller number of issuers than if it were diversified. Investing in a non-diversified fund could involve more risk than investing in a fund that holds a broader range of securities because changes in the financial condition of a single issuer could cause greater fluctuation in the fund's total returns.

*Leverage.* The Fund may use leverage to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. Leveraging (buying securities using borrowed money) exaggerates the effect on NAV of any increase or decrease in the market value of the Fund's investments. Money the Fund borrows for leveraging is limited to 33 1/3% of the value of its total assets. These borrowings would be subject to interest costs that may or may not be offset by income or capital gain from the securities purchased. There can be no assurance that the Fund's use of leverage will be successful.

*Foreign Investments.* Investments in the securities of foreign issuers involve certain considerations and risks not ordinarily associated with investments in securities of domestic issuers. Foreign companies are not generally subject to the same accounting, auditing, and financial standards and requirements as those applicable to U.S. companies. There may be less publicly available information about a foreign company than a U.S. company. Investments in foreign securities could expose the Fund to the direct or indirect consequences of political, social, or economic changes in the countries where those securities are issued or in which the issuers are located. With respect to certain countries, there are risks of expropriation, confiscatory taxation, political or social instability, or diplomatic developments that could affect assets of the Fund held in custody in those foreign countries. If the value of any foreign currency in which the Fund's investments are denominated declines relative to the U.S. dollar, the value of the Fund's investments is expected to decline proportionately. In addition, a portfolio that includes foreign securities can expect to have a higher expense ratio because of the increased transaction costs on non-U.S. securities markets and the increased costs of maintaining the custody of foreign securities. In addition, investing in emerging (less developed) markets may involve higher levels of each of these risks.

*Short Selling, Options, and Futures Transactions.* The Fund may engage in short selling, options, and futures transactions to increase returns. There is a risk that these transactions may reduce returns or increase volatility. The Fund may incur a loss as a result of a short position if the price of the asset sold short increases in value between the date of the short position sale and the date on which an offsetting position is purchased, plus any premiums or interest paid to the third party. Because the Fund's potential loss on a short position arises from increases in the value of the asset sold short, the extent of such loss, like the price of the asset sold short, is theoretically unlimited. In addition, derivatives, such as options and futures, can be illiquid and highly sensitive to changes in their underlying security, interest rate or index, and as a result can be highly volatile. Derivatives also may be subject to certain other risks such as leverage risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk, market risk, credit risk, the risk that a counterparty may be unable or unwilling to honor its obligations, management risk and the risk of mispricing or improper valuation. A small investment in certain derivatives could have a potentially large impact on the Fund's performance.

*Medium and Large Capitalization.* Compared to smaller companies, medium and large-cap companies may be less responsive to changes and opportunities. At times, the stocks of larger companies may lag other types of stocks in performance. Compared to larger companies, medium companies may have a shorter history of operations, and may have limited product lines, markets or financial resources.

*Pricing.* Many factors may influence the price at which the Fund could sell any particular portfolio investment. The sales price may well differ—higher or lower—from the Fund's last valuation, and such differences could be significant, particularly for illiquid securities and securities that trade in relatively thin markets and/or markets that experience extreme volatility. If market conditions make it difficult to value some investments, the Fund may value these investments using more subjective methods, such as fair value pricing. In such cases, the value determined for an investment could be different than the value realized upon such investment's sale. As a result, you could pay more than the market value when buying Fund shares or receive less than the market value when selling Fund shares.

*Security Selection.* The securities selected for the Fund's portfolio may decline in value. The investment manager could be wrong in its analysis of industries, companies, economic trends, the relative attractiveness of different securities, or other matters. As a result, the Fund may underperform the markets, its benchmark index or other funds with the same objective or in the same asset class.

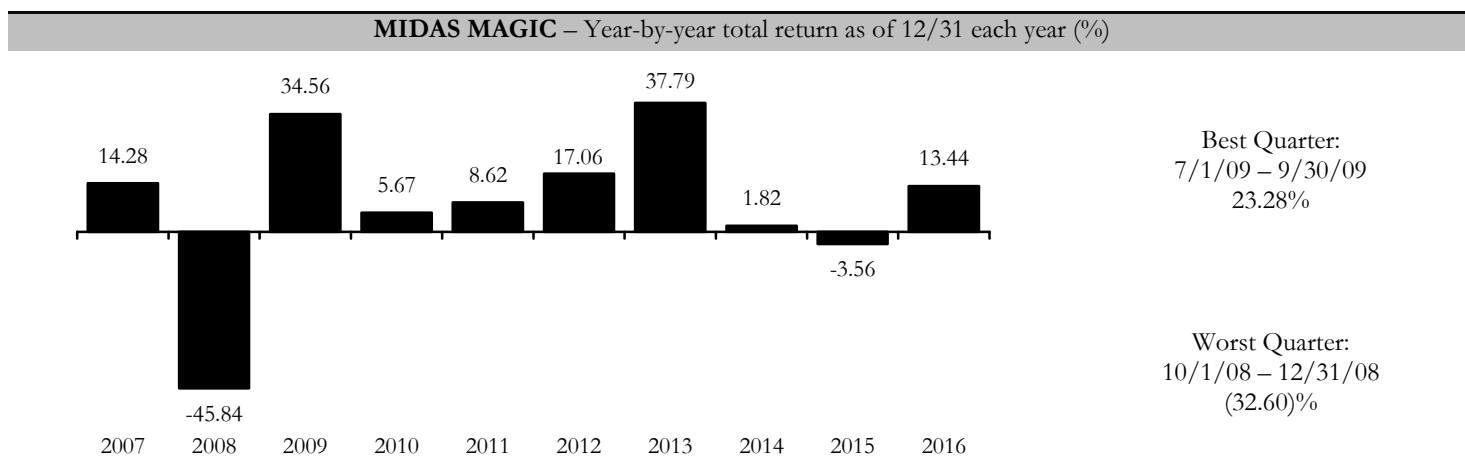


*Active Trading.* The Fund may trade securities actively. This strategy could increase transaction costs, reduce performance, and result in increased taxable distributions, which could lower the Fund’s after tax performance.

*Cybersecurity Risk.* With the increased use of technologies such as the Internet to conduct business, the Fund is susceptible to operational, information security, and related risks. Cyber incidents affecting the Fund or its service providers may cause disruptions and impact business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, interference with the Fund’s ability to calculate its NAV, impediments to trading, the inability of shareholders to transact business, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional related costs.

**Past Performance**

The following bar chart provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund’s performance from year to year. The following table compares the Fund’s average annual returns for the 1, 5, and 10 year periods with an appropriate broad based securities market index. **Past performance (before and after taxes) is not predictive of future performance.**



**AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS**

For the periods ended December 31, 2016

	<u>1 Year</u>	<u>5 Years</u>	<u>10 Years</u>
Return Before Taxes	13.44%	12.44%	5.56%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	8.25%	9.71%	4.27%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	11.92%	9.82%	4.39%
S&P 500 Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	11.96%	14.66%	6.94%

The Fund’s returns shown above include the effect of reinvesting dividends and capital gain distributions. After tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. In certain cases, the figure representing “Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares” may be *higher* than the other return figures for the same period. A higher after tax return can occur when a capital loss occurs upon redemption and translates into an assumed tax deduction that benefits the shareholder. Because actual after tax returns depend on a shareholder’s tax situation, returns may vary from those shown. After tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

**MANAGEMENT**

**Investment Manager**

Midas Management Corporation

**Portfolio Manager**

Thomas B. Winmill, President and Trustee, is the portfolio manager of the Fund. Prior to April 29, 2016, the Fund had been managed by the Investment Policy Committee (“IPC”) of the investment manager since May 15, 2012. The members of the IPC are: Thomas B. Winmill, Chairman; John F. Ramirez, Director of Fixed Income; Heidi Keating, Vice President-Trading; Mark C. Winmill, Chief Investment Strategist; and William M. Winmill, Investment Analyst.

*For important information about the purchase and sale of Fund shares, tax information, and financial intermediary compensation, please turn to “Important Additional Information” on page 11 of the prospectus.*

## IMPORTANT ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

### PURCHASE AND SALE OF FUND SHARES

#### Minimum Investments

<i>Account Type</i>	<i>Initial</i>	<i>Subsequent</i>	<i>Individual Retirement Accounts (“IRAs”) and Health Savings Accounts (“HSAs”)</i>	<i>Initial</i>	<i>Subsequent</i>
Regular	\$1,000	\$100	Traditional, Roth IRA, HSA	\$1,000	\$100
UGMA/UTMA	\$1,000	\$100	Spousal, Rollover IRA	\$1,000	\$100
Education Savings Account	\$1,000	\$100	SEP, SIMPLE IRA	\$1,000	\$100
Systematic Investment Program	\$ 100	\$100	HSA	\$1,000	\$100

**Midas Systematic Investment Program.** With the Midas Systematic Investment Program, you can establish a convenient and affordable long term investment program through one or more of the plans described below. Minimum investments above are waived for each plan since they are designed to facilitate an automatic monthly investment of \$100 or more into your Fund account(s).

#### Redemptions

Generally, you may redeem shares of the Funds by any of the methods explained below on each day the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) is open for trading (“Business Day”).

**By Mail.** Regular mail: Midas Funds, c/o Ultimus Asset Services, LLC, P.O. Box 46707, Cincinnati, OH 45246-0707. Overnight express mail and courier: Midas Funds, c/o Ultimus Asset Services, LLC, 225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450, Cincinnati, OH 45246.

**By Telephone or Internet.** To expedite the redemption of Fund shares, call 1-800-400-MIDAS (6432) between 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. ET on Business Days. For automated 24 hour service, call toll-free 1-800-400-MIDAS (6432) or visit [www.midasfunds.com](http://www.midasfunds.com).

**For Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT).** You may redeem as little as \$250 worth of shares by requesting EFT service. EFT proceeds are ordinarily available in your bank account within two Business Days.

**For Federal Funds Wire.** If you are redeeming \$1,000 or more worth of shares, you may request that the proceeds be wired to your authorized bank. A \$10 fee per wire transfer applies.

### TAX INFORMATION

Each Fund’s distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income or long term capital gains.

### PAYMENTS TO BROKER-DEALERS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

If you purchase shares of a Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund’s distributor may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other financial intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Your broker-dealer or financial intermediary may also charge you fees for purchasing or selling Fund shares. Ask your broker-dealer or financial intermediary or visit their website for more information.

### INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES, PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES, RELATED RISKS, AND DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

**MIDAS FUND** seeks primarily capital appreciation and protection against inflation and, secondarily, current income. In addition to its investment objective, the Fund has adopted certain investment restrictions set forth in the SAI that are fundamental and may not be changed without shareholder approval. The Fund's other investment policies are not fundamental and may be changed by the Board of Trustees without shareholder approval.

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests at least 65% of its total assets in Natural Resources Companies and gold, silver, and platinum bullion and coins. Up to 35% of the Fund’s total assets may be invested in securities of companies that derive a portion of their

gross revenues, directly or indirectly, from the business of mining, processing, fabricating, distributing, or otherwise dealing in gold, silver, platinum, or other natural resources, in securities of selected growth companies, and in fixed income securities of any issuer, including U.S. government securities, of any credit quality or maturity, although the Fund has no current intention of investing more than 5% of its total assets in fixed income securities rated less than investment grade. The Fund may invest in domestic and foreign companies of any size. The investment manager seeks companies that it believes have attractive fundamentals and often looks at company characteristics such as people, projects, and pricing.

Natural resources include ferrous and non-ferrous metals (such as iron, aluminum, and copper), strategic metals (such as uranium and titanium), hydrocarbons (such as coal, oil, and natural gas), chemicals, forest products, real estate, food products, and other basic commodities. In making investments for the Fund, the investment manager may consider, among other things, the ore quality of metals mined by a company, a company's mining, processing, and fabricating costs and techniques, the quantity of a company's unmined reserves, quality of management, and marketability of a company's equity or debt securities. The investment manager normally will emphasize the potential for growth of the proposed investment, although it also may consider an investment's income generating capacity as well. The Fund normally may sell an investment when the value or growth potential of the investment appears limited or exceeded by other investment opportunities, when an investment no longer appears to meet the Fund's investment objectives, or when the Fund must meet redemptions. When seeking to achieve its secondary objective of current income, the Fund may invest in fixed income securities of issuers with investment grade ratings.

The Fund may invest in certain derivatives such as options, futures, and forward currency contracts. Derivatives are financial instruments that derive their values from other securities or commodities, or that are based on indices. The Fund may engage in leverage by borrowing money for investment purposes to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The Fund also may lend portfolio securities to brokers, dealers, and other financial institutions and may engage in short selling. Additionally, the Fund may invest in special situations such as restricted securities, or securities of companies undergoing extraordinary or possibly one time events such as reorganizations or liquidations.

The Fund may, from time to time, under adverse market conditions, take temporary defensive positions and invest some or all of its assets in cash, bank deposits, money market funds, money market securities of U.S. and foreign issuers, short term bonds, repurchase agreements, and similar investments. When the Fund takes such a temporary defensive position, it may not achieve its investment objectives.

Under the federal tax law, if the Fund earns more than 10% of its gross income in any taxable year from gains resulting from selling precious metals (and certain other non-securities related sources), it could lose its status as a regulated investment company for federal tax purposes (a "RIC") and be required to pay taxes on its entire net income and gains, if any, at corporate income tax rates (see "Distributions and Taxes" in the Statement of Additional Information ("SAI")). If the Fund generates such an excess of gains, it may pay such taxes or, to reduce such gains, hold its precious metals or sell them at a loss, or sell securities at a gain, when for investment reasons it would not otherwise do so.

**MIDAS MAGIC** invests aggressively for solely capital appreciation. In addition to its investment objective, the Fund has adopted certain investment restrictions set forth in the SAI that are fundamental and may not be changed without shareholder approval. The Fund's other investment policies are not fundamental and may be changed by the Board of Trustees without shareholder approval.

The Fund normally will exercise a flexible strategy in the selection of securities and usually will not be limited by the issuer's location, size, or market capitalization. The Fund may invest in equity and fixed income securities of new and seasoned U.S. and foreign issuers with no minimum rating, including securities convertible into common stock, debt securities, futures, options, derivatives, and other instruments. The Fund also may employ aggressive and speculative investment techniques, such as selling securities short and borrowing money for investment purposes, a practice known as "leveraging" and may invest defensively in cash, bank deposits, money market funds, money market securities of U.S. and foreign issuers, short term bonds, repurchase agreements, or similar investments. The Fund may invest in fixed income securities of any issuer, including U.S. government securities, of any credit quality or maturity, although the Fund has no current intention of investing more than 5% of its total assets in fixed income securities rated less than investment grade. The Fund also may lend portfolio securities to brokers, dealers, and other financial institutions.

To achieve the Fund's objective, the investment manager may use a seasonal investing strategy to invest the Fund's assets to gain exposure to the securities markets during periods anticipated to be favorable based on patterns of investor behavior as driven by and related to accounting periods, taxable events, and other calendar related phenomena. The investment manager's analysis also takes into consideration those periods during the year in which it anticipates that investors are more likely to invest additional money into the securities markets. These periods can be related to accounting periods and may be further refined by considerations of tax cycles, holidays, and other factors. During other periods anticipated to be less favorable, under adverse market conditions, and from time to time, the Fund may take a defensive position, sell securities short, and/or invest some or all of its assets in cash, bank deposits, money market funds, money market securities of U.S. and foreign issuers, short term bonds, repurchase agreements, or similar investments. When the Fund takes a defensive position, it may not achieve its investment objective.

**The following provides more detail regarding certain Principal Risks and other risks that each Fund is subject to:**

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**Short Selling, Options, and Futures Transactions.** Each Fund may engage in short selling up to 100% of its net assets, although it has no current intention of short selling more than 40% of its net assets, and it may engage in options and futures transactions to increase returns or for hedging purposes. There is a risk that these transactions may reduce returns or increase volatility.

Futures contracts are derivative investments pursuant to a contract with a counterparty to pay a fixed price for an agreed amount of securities or other underlying assets at an agreed date. An option is a contract that gives the purchaser (holder) of the option, in return for a premium, the right to buy from (call) or sell to (put) the seller (writer) of the option the security or currency underlying the option at a specified exercise price at any time during the term of the option (normally not exceeding nine months). Options and futures can be illiquid and highly sensitive to changes in their underlying security, interest rate, or index, and as a result can be highly volatile. A small investment in certain derivatives could have a potentially large impact on a Fund's performance.

The successful use of derivatives will usually depend on the investment manager's ability to accurately forecast movements in the market relating to the underlying reference asset, reference rate or, index or event. If the investment manager does not predict correctly the direction of securities prices, interest rates and other economic factors, a Fund's derivatives position could lose value. Changes in the value of the derivative may not correlate perfectly, or at all, with the underlying asset, reference rate or index, and the Fund could lose more than the principal amount invested. Derivatives also may be subject to a number of other risks such as leveraging risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk, market risk, credit risk and also involve, the risk that a counterparty may be unable or unwilling to honor its obligations, management risk and the risk of mispricing or improper valuation.

A Fund may incur a loss as a result of a short sale if the price of the borrowed security increases between the date of the short sale and the date on which the Fund terminates or closes out its short position by buying the same security, plus any premiums or interest paid to the third party. A Fund may realize a gain if the borrowed security declines in price between those dates. There can be no assurance that the Fund will be able to close out a short position at any particular time or at an acceptable price. By investing the proceeds received from selling securities short, the Fund could be deemed to be employing a form of leverage, which creates special risks. Market factors may prevent a Fund from closing out a short position at the most desirable time or at a favorable price.

When a Fund is selling stocks short, it normally must maintain a segregated account of cash or high-grade securities equal to the margin requirement. As a result, a Fund may maintain high levels of cash or liquid assets (such as U.S. Treasury bills, money market accounts, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, high quality commercial paper and long equity positions) or may utilize borrowings or the collateral obtained from securities lending for this cash. The need to maintain cash or other liquid assets in segregated accounts could limit a Fund's ability to pursue other opportunities as they arise.

Possible losses from short sales differ from losses that could be incurred from purchases of securities. Losses on securities sold short are theoretically unlimited because a Fund's loss arises from increases in the value of the security sold short. Losses on long positions, which arise from decreases in the value of the security, however, are limited by the fact that a security's value cannot drop below zero.

**Fixed Income Securities.** Each Fund may invest in fixed income securities that are affected by changes in interest rates. When interest rates rise, the prices of fixed income securities typically fall in proportion to their maturities. Conversely, when interest rates fall, the value of fixed income securities generally rises. As of the date of this prospectus, interest rates in the United States are at or near historic lows, which may increase a Fund's exposure to risks associated with rising interest rates including, but not limited to, a decline in the value of the Fund's fixed income investments, periods of volatility, and increased redemptions. In the event of increased redemptions, a Fund may have to liquidate portfolio securities at disadvantageous prices and times, which could reduce the returns of the Fund. Fixed income securities are also subject to credit risk, *i.e.*, the risk that an issuer of securities will be unable or unwilling to pay principal and interest when due or that the value of the security will suffer because investors believe the issuer is less able to pay. Additionally, the reduction in dealer market-making capacity in the fixed income markets that has occurred in recent years has the potential to decrease liquidity. Credit risk is broadly gauged by the credit ratings of the securities in which a Fund invests. Ratings are only the opinions of the agencies issuing them, however, and are not absolute guarantees as to quality. Generally, U.S. government securities issuers have different degrees of U.S. government backing. Some may be chartered or sponsored by Acts of Congress, but payment of principal and interest on their securities is neither insured nor guaranteed by the U.S. Treasury. The downgrade of the credit rating of a security held by a Fund may decrease its value. When a fixed income security is not rated, the Fund's investment manager may have to assess the risk of the security itself. Securities rated below investment grade (*i.e.*, "junk bonds") may include a substantial risk of default. Further, any government guarantees on U.S. government securities extend only to the timely payment of interest and the repayment of principal on the securities themselves and do not extend to the market value of the securities. Many fixed income securities, especially those issued at higher interest rates, provide that the issuer may repay them early. If issuers exercise this right, holders of these types of callable securities may not benefit fully from the increase in value that other fixed income securities experience when rates decline. Issuers often exercise this right when interest rates are low. Accordingly, holders of callable securities may not benefit fully from the increase in value that other fixed income

securities experience when rates decline. Furthermore, a Fund may reinvest the proceeds of the payoff at current yields, which may be lower than those paid by the security that was paid off.

**Securities Lending and Borrowing.** Each Fund may lend up to one third of its total assets to other parties. If a Fund engages in a lending transaction, the loan would be continuously secured by collateral consisting of cash, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies or instrumentalities, bank letters of credit, or any combination thereof, at all times equal to at least the market value of the assets loaned. A Fund may engage in lending transactions through a lending agent which is authorized to act on behalf of the Fund with respect to the lending of certain securities of the Fund. A Fund also may engage in securities borrowing in conjunction with short selling transactions, and may lend securities for the purpose of generating collateral to facilitate short selling transactions. There are risks to the Fund of delay in receiving additional collateral and risks of delay in recovery of, and failure to recover, the assets loaned should the borrower fail financially or otherwise violate the terms of the lending agreement. The Fund may also experience losses as a result of the diminution in value of its cash collateral investments.

**Illiquid Securities Risk.** As a non-principal investment strategy, each Fund may invest up to 15% of its net assets in illiquid securities. A potential risk from investing in illiquid securities is that illiquid securities cannot be disposed of quickly in the normal course of business. Also, illiquid securities can be more difficult to value than more widely traded securities and the prices realized from their sale may be less than if such securities were more widely traded. See discussion under “Valuation” on page 17 of this prospectus.

**Portfolio Holdings.** A description of the Funds’ policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of a Fund’s portfolio securities is available in the Funds’ SAI found on the Funds’ website, [www.midasfunds.com](http://www.midasfunds.com).

**Cybersecurity Risk.** With the increased use of technologies such as the Internet to conduct business, the Funds are susceptible to operational, information security, and related risks. In general, cyber incidents can result from deliberate attacks or unintentional events. Cyber attacks include, but are not limited to, gaining unauthorized access to digital systems (e.g., through “hacking” or malicious software coding) for purposes of misappropriating assets or sensitive information, corrupting data, or causing operational disruption. Cyber attacks may also be carried out in a manner that does not require gaining unauthorized access, such as causing denial-of-service attacks on websites (i.e., efforts to make network services unavailable to intended users). Cyber incidents affecting the Funds or their service providers may cause disruptions and impact business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, interference with the Funds’ ability to calculate their NAVs, impediments to trading, the inability of shareholders to transact business, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional related costs. Similar adverse consequences could result from cyber incidents affecting issuers of securities in which the Funds invest, counterparties with which the Funds engage in transactions, governmental and other regulatory authorities, exchange and other financial market operators, banks, brokers, dealers, insurance companies, and other financial institutions (including financial intermediaries and service providers for shareholders) and other parties. In addition, substantial costs may be incurred in order to prevent any cyber incidents in the future. While the Funds’ service providers may have established business continuity plans in the event of, and risk management systems to prevent, such cyber incidents, there are inherent limitations in such plans and systems, including the possibility that certain risks have not been identified. Furthermore, the Funds cannot control the cyber security plans and systems put in place by their service providers or any other third parties whose operations may affect the Funds or their shareholders. As a result, in the event of a cyber incident, the Funds and their shareholders could be negatively impacted.

**The following provides more detail regarding certain Principal Risks and other risks that Midas Fund is subject to:**

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**Investments in Gold, Silver, Platinum, and Other Precious Metals.** Investment in gold, silver, platinum and other precious metals are considered speculative. The Fund’s investments can be significantly affected by developments in the precious metals industries and are linked to the prices of gold, silver, platinum, and other precious metals. These prices can be influenced by a variety of global economic, financial, and political factors and may fluctuate substantially over short periods of time and be more volatile than other types of investments. Economic, political, or other conditions affecting one or more of the major sources of gold, silver, platinum, and other precious metals could have a substantial effect on supply and demand in countries throughout the world. Additionally, the majority of such producers are domiciled in a limited number of countries.

The price of gold has fluctuated widely in the past and may be affected by global supply and demand, which is influenced by such factors as forward selling by gold producers, purchases made by gold producers to unwind gold hedge positions, central bank purchases and sales, and production and cost levels in major gold producing countries; investors’ expectations with respect to the rate of inflation; currency exchange rates; interest rates; investment and trading activities of hedge funds and commodity funds; and global or regional political, economic or financial events and situations. The price of silver has also fluctuated widely in the past. Factors that may affect the price of silver include changes in economic conditions, which may affect the demand for silver for industrial applications; a significant change in the attitude of speculators and investors towards silver; and any significant increase in silver price hedging activity by silver producers.

Bullion and coins do not generate income, unless loaned, and their returns to the Fund are from gains or losses realized upon sale. Furthermore, the Fund may encounter storage and transaction costs in connection with their ownership of bullion and coins that may be higher than those attendant to the purchase, holding, and disposition of securities.

There is no assurance that gold, silver, platinum, or other precious metals will maintain their long term value in terms of purchasing power in the future. If the prices of gold, silver, platinum, or other precious metals decline, the Fund expects the value of its investments to decline proportionately.

**Natural Resources Companies.** The oil, gas, coal, metals, and minerals industries can be significantly affected by events relating to international political developments, the success of exploration projects, commodity prices, and tax and government regulations. Sustained declines in demand for the indicated commodities could adversely affect the financial performance of Natural Resources Companies over the long term. The value of securities issued by Natural Resources Companies may also be affected by changes in overall market movements, changes in interest rates, inflation rates, or investor expectations concerning such rates, or factors affecting a particular industry or commodity, such as weather, embargoes, tariffs, policies of commodity cartels and international economic, political and regulatory developments. In addition, companies in the natural resources sector may be subject to the risks generally associated with extraction of natural resources, such as the risks of mining and oil drilling, and the risks of the hazards associated with natural resources, such as natural or man-made disasters, fire, drought, liability for environmental damage claims, and increased regulatory and environmental costs. It is possible that the performance of securities of Natural Resources Companies may lag the performance of other industries or the broader market as a whole.

**In-Kind Redemptions.** To avoid liability for federal income tax, the Fund normally must, among other things, derive at least 90% of its gross income each taxable year from sources including interest, dividends, and gains on sales of securities. Gains on the Fund's sales of precious metals, and options and futures thereon, would not qualify as gains on sales of "securities." Consequently, sales of precious metals at a gain could result in the Fund's loss of status as a RIC and subject the Fund to liability for federal income tax on its entire net income. To try to reduce such sales of precious metals and this potential adverse tax result, the Fund may require redeeming shareholders to accept readily tradable gold, silver, platinum, or other precious metals bullion, coins, ETF shares, or other Fund holdings in complete or partial payment of redemptions.

## PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

**Midas Management Corporation** (the "investment manager") is the investment manager for each Fund and has served as a mutual fund investment manager for over 20 years. It provides day-to-day advice regarding portfolio transactions for each Fund. The investment manager also furnishes or obtains on behalf of each Fund all services necessary for the proper conduct of the Fund's business and administration. Its address is 11 Hanover Square, New York, New York 10005.

Thomas B. Winmill has acted as portfolio manager for **Midas Fund** since 2002 and for **Midas Magic** since April 29, 2016. He has been president of the investment manager since 1995 and the distributor since 1991. He also serves as President, Chief Executive Officer, and Trustee of the Funds. He has served as a member of the investment manager's IPC since 1990. As the current Chairman of the IPC, he helps establish general investment guidelines.

Additional information regarding portfolio manager compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio manager, and the portfolio manager's ownership of securities of the Funds may be found in the SAI.

## MANAGEMENT FEES

Each Fund pays a management fee to the investment manager at an annual rate based on each Fund's average daily net assets. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, Midas Fund and Midas Magic paid the investment manager a fee of 1.00% and 0.97%, respectively, of the Fund's average daily net assets.

A discussion regarding the basis of approval by the Board of Trustees of each Fund's investment management agreement with the investment manager is available in each Fund's semi-annual report to shareholders for the period ended June 30, 2016.

## DISTRIBUTION AND SHAREHOLDER SERVICES

Midas Securities Group, Inc. is the distributor of the Funds and provides distribution and shareholder services. The Trust has adopted a plan under Rule 12b-1 on behalf of each Fund and each Fund pays the distributor a 12b-1 fee as compensation for distribution and shareholder services at an annual rate based on that Fund's average daily net assets. These fees are paid out of the Fund's assets on an ongoing basis. Over time, these fees may increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

Midas Fund and Midas Magic each pay a 12b-1 fee equal to 0.25% per annum of the Fund's average daily net assets.

## PURCHASING SHARES

Your price for Fund shares is the Fund's next calculation, after the order is received by the Fund's transfer agent or its authorized agent, of NAV per share, which is determined as of the scheduled close of regular trading (regardless of an actual, unscheduled earlier closing due to weather, equipment failure, or other factors) in equity securities on the NYSE (normally, 4 p.m. ET, and typically 1 p.m. ET around certain holidays) each Business Day. Each Fund's NAV per share is the market value of the Fund's assets, minus fund expenses and any other liabilities, divided by the number of Fund shares outstanding. The NYSE is generally closed on the following holidays: New Year's Day, Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Washington's Birthday (Presidents' Day), Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day. Each Fund's NAV per share may be significantly affected on days when shareholders have no access to the Fund or its transfer agent. The Funds' shares are priced only on Business Days. If you purchase shares through a broker, that broker may charge separate transaction fees on the purchase and/or sale of such shares. Certificates will not be issued and all shares will be kept by book entry in the stock transfer books of Ultimus Asset Services, LLC, the Funds' transfer agent.

### Opening Your Account

**By Internet.** Visit [www.midasfunds.com](http://www.midasfunds.com) for more information about opening an account online.

**By Check.** Complete and sign the Account Application that accompanies this prospectus and mail it, along with your check, to Midas Funds, c/o Ultimus Asset Services, LLC, P.O. Box 46707, Cincinnati, OH 45246-0707. For overnight express mail and courier: Midas Funds, c/o Ultimus Asset Services, LLC, 225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450, Cincinnati, OH 45246 (see "Minimum Investments" on page 11). **Checks must be payable to the order of Midas Funds in U.S. dollars. Cash, third party checks (except for properly endorsed IRA rollover checks), counter checks, starter checks, traveler's checks, money orders (other than money orders issued by a bank), credit card checks, and checks drawn on non-U.S. financial institutions will not be accepted. Cashier's checks, bank official checks, and bank money orders may be accepted in amounts greater than \$10,000. In such cases, a fifteen (15) business day hold will be applied to the funds (which means that you may not redeem your shares until the holding period has expired). You will be charged an \$8 fee for any check that does not clear.**

**By Wire.** Call 1-800-400-MIDAS (6432) between 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. ET on Business Days to speak with a Shareholder Service Representative. A completed Account Application, the name of the bank sending the wire, and the amount to be wired are required before the wired funds can be accepted. The completed application should be faxed to 1-877-513-0756, Attn: Midas Funds. You will then be assigned a Fund account number and receive wiring address information. Your account number and name(s) must be specified in the wire as they are to appear on the account registration. You should then enter your account number on your completed Account Application and promptly mail it to Midas Funds, c/o Ultimus Asset Services, LLC, P.O. Box 46707, Cincinnati, OH 45246-0707. For overnight express mail and courier: Midas Funds, c/o Ultimus Asset Services, LLC, 225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450, Cincinnati, OH 45246. This service is not available on days when the Federal Reserve wire system is closed. For wiring instructions and automated 24 hour service, call toll-free 1-800-400-MIDAS (6432) or visit [www.midasfunds.com](http://www.midasfunds.com).

### Midas Systematic Investment Program

Midas offers an excellent service - the Midas Bank Transfer Plan - which makes regular investing convenient. It can help you seek today your financial goals for the future. With the free Midas Bank Transfer Plan, you decide today to invest a certain amount each month in the future for as long as you like and Midas will transfer the money from your bank account for investment in your designated Midas account. Periodically, you should review your overall portfolio. For retirement investing goals, consider the tax advantaged Midas Traditional, Roth, SEP, or SIMPLE IRAs. At Midas, we also offer HSAs as well as Education Savings Accounts. Forms for all of these Midas plans may be found at [www.midasfunds.com](http://www.midasfunds.com).

Investing the same amount regularly, known as "dollar cost averaging," can reduce any anxiety of investing in a rising or falling market or buying all of your shares at market highs. Although this strategy cannot assure a profit or protect against loss in a declining market, it can result in a lower average cost for your purchases. Of course, you should consider your financial ability to continue your purchases through periods of low price levels when undertaking such a strategy.

<i>Plan</i>	<i>Description</i>
Midas Bank Transfer Plan	For making systematic investments from a designated bank account.
Midas Salary Investing Plan	For making systematic investments through a payroll deduction.
Midas Government Direct Deposit Plan	For making systematic investments from your federal employment, Social Security, or other regular federal government check.



For more information, or to request the necessary authorization form, call 1-800-400-MIDAS (6432) between 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. ET on Business Days to speak with a Shareholder Services Representative. You may modify or terminate the Midas Bank Transfer Plan at any time by written notice received 10 days prior to the scheduled investment date. To modify or terminate the Midas Salary Investing Plan or Midas Government Direct Deposit Plan, you should contact your employer or the appropriate U.S. government agency.

**Shareholder Identification Program.** You may be asked to provide additional information in order for the Funds to verify your identity in accordance with requirements under U.S. anti-money laundering regulations. A Fund will generally close an account within 60 Business Days of account opening at the NAV of the Fund on the day the account is closed if it cannot be reasonably certain of the customer's identity. The Fund's transfer agent will correspond with the shareholder to advise them, if appropriate, why their account is being closed and the efforts conducted to attempt to verify their identity.

## Adding to Your Account

**By Check.** Complete a Midas Funds *FastDeposit* form which is detachable from your account statement and mail it, along with your check, drawn to the order of the Fund, to Midas Funds, c/o Ultimus Asset Services, LLC, P.O. Box 46707, Cincinnati, OH 45246-0707. For overnight express mail and courier: Midas Funds, c/o Ultimus Asset Services, LLC, 225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450, Cincinnati, OH 45246 (see "Minimum Investments" on page 11). If you do not use that form, include a letter indicating the account number to which the subsequent investment is to be credited, the name of the Fund, and the name of the registered owner.

**By Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT).** The bank you designate on your Account Application or Authorization Form will be contacted to arrange for the EFT, which is done through the Automated Clearing House ("ACH") system, to your Fund account. Requests received by 4 p.m. ET on Business Days will ordinarily be credited to your Fund account on the same Business Day. Your designated bank must be an ACH member and any subsequent changes in bank account information must be submitted in writing with a voided check and a New Technology Medallion Guaranteed Stamp (see "Minimum Investments" on page 11). Your account will be charged a \$10 per item fee for each ACH transaction that is returned for any reason in addition to any loss incurred by the Fund as a result of reversing the transaction. To initiate an EFT transaction, call 1-800-400-MIDAS (6432) or visit [www.midasfunds.com](http://www.midasfunds.com).

**By Wire.** Subsequent investments by wire may be made at any time by simply following the same wiring procedures under "Opening Your Account" (see "Minimum Investments" on page 11), but without having to call.

**Valuation.** Fund investments are valued based on market value determined as of the scheduled close of regular trading (regardless of an actual, unscheduled earlier closing due to weather, equipment failure, or other factors) in equity securities on the NYSE (normally, 4 p.m. ET, and typically 1 p.m. ET around certain holidays) each Business Day. Where market quotations are not readily available or where there is no ready market for a security (such as certain types of illiquid or thinly traded securities), securities may be valued based on fair value as determined in good faith under the direction of the Board of Trustees. Occasionally, events affecting the value of gold, platinum, and silver bullion, foreign securities, foreign currencies and currency exchange rates occur after the close of trading on the NYSE or on days when the NYSE is closed, which events may not be reflected in a computation of a Fund's NAV on that day. Such events may be company specific, such as earnings reports, country or region specific, such as a natural disaster or terrorist activity, or global in nature. If events materially affecting the value of such securities occur during such time period, the securities may be valued at their fair value as determined in good faith under the direction of the Board of Trustees. Fair value pricing is based on subjective judgments and it is possible that fair value may differ materially from the value realized on a sale.

## EXCHANGE PRIVILEGES

You may exchange at least \$500 worth of shares of a Fund for shares of any other of the Midas Funds (provided the registration is exactly the same, the shares of the Fund you do not currently own may be sold by the Fund in your state of residence, and the exchange may otherwise legally be made). To exchange shares, please access [www.midasfunds.com](http://www.midasfunds.com) or call Midas Funds toll-free at 1-800-400-MIDAS (6432) between 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. ET on any Business Day of the Fund and provide the following information: account registration including address and number; taxpayer identification number; percentage, number, or dollar value of shares to be redeemed; name and, if different, your account number, if any, in the Fund to be purchased; and your identity and telephone number. Your price for Fund shares exchanged is the Fund's next calculation, after the order is received by the Fund's transfer agent or its authorized agent, of NAV per share which is determined as of the scheduled close of regular trading (regardless of an actual, unscheduled earlier closing due to weather, equipment failure, or other factors) in equity securities on the NYSE (normally, 4 p.m. ET, and typically 1 p.m. ET around certain holidays) each Business Day. Shares of all Funds exchanged within 30 days of purchase normally will be subject to a 1% redemption fee. An exchange of shares of one Fund for shares of another Fund is considered a fully taxable transaction upon which you may realize a taxable gain or loss.

## REDEEMING SHARES

Generally, you may redeem shares of the Funds by any of the methods explained below. Requests for redemption should include the following information: name(s) of the registered owner(s) of the account, account number, Fund name, amount you want to sell (number of shares or dollar amount), and address or wire information. Your price for Fund shares redeemed is the Fund's next calculation, after the order is received by the Fund's transfer agent or its authorized agent, of NAV per share which is determined as of the scheduled close of regular trading (regardless of an actual, unscheduled earlier closing due to weather, equipment failure, or other factors) in equity securities on the NYSE (normally, 4 p.m. ET, and typically 1 p.m. ET around certain holidays) each Business Day. Shares of all Funds redeemed within 30 days of purchase normally will be subject to a 1% redemption fee. IRAs normally will be subject to a pre-age 59½ distribution/transfer fee of \$10 and a plan termination fee of \$20 per IRA. HSAs normally will be subject to a distribution/transfer fee of \$10 and a plan termination fee of \$20 per HSA.

In some instances, a New Technology Medallion Guaranteed Stamp may be required. New Technology Medallion Guaranteed Stamps protect against unauthorized account transfers by assuring that a signature is genuine. You can obtain one from most banks or securities dealers, but not from a notary public. For joint accounts, one signature must be guaranteed. Please call us to ensure that your New Technology Medallion Guaranteed Stamp will be processed correctly. The Funds may waive this requirement in their discretion.

**By Mail.** Regular mail: Midas Funds, c/o Ultimus Asset Services, LLC, P.O. Box 46707, Cincinnati, OH 45246-0707. Overnight express mail and courier: Midas Funds, c/o Ultimus Asset Services, LLC, 225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450, Cincinnati, OH 45246. The request must specify the number of shares or dollar amount to be redeemed and be signed by the registered owner(s). Additional documentation may be required.

**By Telephone or Internet.** To expedite the redemption of Fund shares, call 1-800-400-MIDAS (6432) to speak with a Shareholder Services Representative between 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. ET on Business Days. For automated 24 hour service, call toll-free 1-800-400-MIDAS (6432) or visit [www.midasfunds.com](http://www.midasfunds.com).

**For Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT).** You may redeem as little as \$250 worth of shares by requesting EFT service. EFT proceeds are ordinarily available in your bank account within two Business Days.

**For Federal Funds Wire.** If you are redeeming \$1,000 or more worth of shares, you may request that the proceeds be wired to your authorized bank. A \$10 fee per wire transfer applies. Proceeds of redemption requests submitted in proper form ordinarily will be available to shareholders by Federal Funds wire the next Business Day.

**Redemption Payment.** Payment for shares redeemed will ordinarily be made within three Business Days after receipt of the redemption request in proper form. Redemption proceeds from shares purchased by check or EFT transfer may be delayed 15 calendar days or until the Fund is reasonably assured of payment of the check representing the purchase. Redemptions to third parties are prohibited.

**Redemptions Through Financial Intermediaries.** You are an investor subject to the redemption fee whether you are a direct shareholder of a Fund or you are investing indirectly in a Fund through a financial intermediary such as a broker-dealer, a bank, an insurance company separate account, an investment advisor, an administrator or trustee of a tax deferred savings plan such as a 401(k) retirement plan or a 529 college savings plan that maintains an omnibus account with the Fund for trading on behalf of its customers. Currently, only certain intermediaries have the ability to collect a Fund's redemption fee from their customers' accounts. Even in the case of these intermediaries who are collecting the redemption fee, due to policy, operational and/or systems' requirements and limitations, these intermediaries may use criteria and methods for tracking, applying and/or calculating the fee that may differ in some respects from that of the Funds. In general, the Funds will seek to encourage all financial intermediaries to develop the capability to begin imposing the redemption fee from their customers who invest in the Funds. If you are investing in Fund shares through a financial intermediary, you should contact your financial intermediary (or, in the case of a 401(k) retirement plan, your plan sponsor) for more information on any differences in how the redemption fee is applied to your investments in the Fund.

**Waiver/Exceptions/Changes.** Each Fund reserves the right to waive the redemption fee at its discretion to the extent permitted or required by applicable law. The redemption fee does not apply to certain comprehensive fee programs where investment instructions are given at the firm level of Fund approved broker-dealers on behalf of their clients invested in the Funds. In addition, the Fund reserves the right to modify or eliminate the redemption fee or waivers at any time. You normally will receive 60 days' notice of any material changes, unless otherwise provided by law.

**Limitations on Collection.** Currently, each Fund is limited in its ability to ensure that the redemption fee is imposed by financial intermediaries on behalf of their customers. For example, where a financial intermediary is not able to determine if the redemption fee applies and/or is not able to impose or collect the fee, or omits to collect the fee at the time of a redemption, the Fund will not receive the redemption fees. Further, if Fund shares are redeemed by a financial intermediary at the direction of its customer(s), the Fund may not know: (1) whether a redemption fee is applicable; and/or (2) the identity of the customer who should pay the redemption fee.

**In-Kind Redemptions.** Subject to the restrictions set forth below, Midas Fund may require redeeming shareholders to accept readily tradable gold, silver, or other precious metals, bullion, coins, ETF shares, or other holdings in complete or partial payment of redemptions. For a shareholder, the tax consequences of an in-kind redemption generally would be the same as those of a cash redemption. For such in-kind redemptions, the assets would be selected by the Fund. See “Purchase and Redemption of Shares – In-Kind Redemptions” in the SAI for a discussion of the operating policies for such redemptions. In-kind redemptions are taxed in the same manner as cash redemptions for federal income tax purposes.

**Systematic Withdrawal Plan.** If your shares have a value of at least \$20,000, you may elect automatic withdrawals from your Fund account, subject to a minimum withdrawal of \$100. If you elect automatic withdrawals, your dividends and other distributions will continue to be reinvested in shares of the distributing Fund unless you instruct the Fund otherwise.

## ACCOUNT AND TRANSACTION POLICIES

**Telephone Privileges.** The Funds may accept telephone orders from shareholders and guards against fraud by following reasonable precautions, such as requiring personal identification before carrying out shareholder requests. You are responsible for any loss caused by an order which later proves to be fraudulent if a Fund followed reasonable procedures.

**Assignment.** You may transfer your Fund shares to another owner. For instructions, call 1-800-400-MIDAS (6432) between 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. ET on Business Days to speak with a Shareholder Services Representative.

**Frequent Trading.** Frequent trading into and out of the Funds can disrupt portfolio investment strategies, harm performance, and increase expenses for all shareholders, including long term shareholders who do not generate these costs. Funds that invest a substantial portion of their assets in foreign securities may be subject to the risks associated with market timing and short term trading strategies to a greater extent than funds that do not. Securities trading in overseas markets present time zone arbitrage opportunities when events affecting portfolio securities values occur after the close of the overseas market but prior to the close of the U.S. market. The Funds may be subject to these greater risks as they invest in foreign securities. Each Fund is designed for long term investors, and is not intended for excessive trading activities. The Funds take reasonable steps to discourage excessive short term trading and the Board of Trustees has adopted policies and procedures with respect to excessive trading. The Funds normally monitor trades in an effort to detect excessive short term trading. The Funds may refuse, cancel, or redeem purchase orders at the purchase price NAV for any reason, without prior notice. In addition, to discourage short term trading, if shares of any Fund held for 30 days or less are redeemed or exchanged, the Fund will normally deduct a redemption fee equal to 1% of the NAV of shares redeemed or exchanged. Such redemption fees are retained by the Fund.

Although the Funds monitor for excessive short term activities, the ability of the Funds to monitor trades that are placed by the underlying shareholders of omnibus accounts maintained by brokers, retirement plan accounts, and other approved intermediaries may be limited in those instances in which the intermediary maintains the underlying shareholder accounts. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the Funds will be able to eliminate all excessive short term activities. The Funds typically seek the cooperation of broker-dealers and other third party intermediaries by requesting information from them regarding the identity of investors who are trading in the Funds, and restricting access to a Fund by a particular investor. Any associated person of the investment manager or the distributor who becomes aware of any actions taken to undertake, effect, or facilitate short term activities contrary to a representation made in a Fund’s prospectus or SAI is to report the actions to the Funds’ Chief Compliance Officer. More information regarding the Funds’ short term trading policies and procedures is available in the SAI.

**Accounts with Below Minimum Balances.** Your account will normally be charged a \$20 small account fee if its value on the next to last Business Day of the calendar year is less than \$500, unless it is an IRA, HSA, or you participate in the Midas Systematic Investment Program. The Funds may redeem at any time at current NAV all shares in any account, subject to the requirements of applicable law. The Funds reserve the right to close your account if you terminate your participation in the Midas Systematic Investment Program and your investment is less than \$1,000.

**Delivery of Shareholder Documents.** Shareholders residing at the same address will normally receive one copy of a Fund’s summary prospectus and shareholder report to share with all residents who invest in the same Fund. If at any time you would like to receive separate copies of a Fund’s summary prospectus or shareholder report, please call 1-800-400-MIDAS (6432) and a Shareholder Services Representative will be happy to change your delivery status. The material normally will be sent within 30 days of your request.

**Escheatment.** Your shares may be transferred to the appropriate state authority if you do not provide your current contact information to the Funds within the time period specified by applicable state law.

## DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAXES

**Distributions.** Each Fund normally pays its shareholders dividends from any net investment income and distributes net capital gains that it has realized, if any, after offset by net capital loss carryovers. Income dividends and capital gain distributions (collectively, “distributions” and each a “distribution”) if any, are normally declared and paid annually. Your distributions will be reinvested in shares of the distributing Fund unless you instruct the Fund otherwise.

**Taxes.** Generally, you will be taxed when you sell or exchange shares of a Fund and when you receive distributions (whether reinvested in additional shares or taken in cash). Typically, your tax treatment will be as follows:

<i>Transaction</i>	<i>Tax treatment</i>
Income dividend	Ordinary income or “qualified dividend income”
Net short term capital gain distribution	Ordinary income
Net capital gain (see below) distribution	Long term capital gain
Sale or exchange of shares held for more than one year	Long term capital gain or loss
Sale or exchange of shares held for one year or less	Short term capital gain or loss

Because distributions are taxable, you may want to avoid making a substantial investment in a taxable account when a Fund is about to declare a distribution, which normally takes place, if at all, in December. Shortly after the end of each calendar year, each Fund issues tax information on its distributions, if any, for the previous year.

Dividends paid to individual and certain other non-corporate shareholders by a Fund that are attributable to its “qualified dividend income” (see “Distributions and Taxes” in the SAI) are subject to a 15% maximum federal income tax rate for shareholders with taxable income not exceeding a specified threshold amount and 20% for those non-corporate shareholders with taxable income exceeding the applicable threshold amount. For corporate shareholders, a portion of a Fund’s distributions may qualify for the intercorporate dividends-received deduction to the extent such Fund receives dividends directly or indirectly from U.S. corporations, reports the amount distributed as eligible for deduction, and the corporate shareholder meets certain holding period requirements with respect to its shares. However, such dividends a corporate shareholder receives and deducts may be subject indirectly to the federal alternative minimum tax.

Distributions by a Fund to individual and certain other non-corporate shareholders attributable to net capital gain (*i.e.*, the excess of net long term capital gain over net short term capital loss) such Fund recognizes on sales or exchanges of capital assets also are subject to the 15% and 20% maximum rates mentioned above with respect to qualified dividends. Moreover, any capital gain an individual shareholder recognizes on a redemption or exchange of his or her Fund shares that have been held for more than one year generally will qualify for those rates.

Each Fund has chosen the average basis method as its default basis determination method for Fund shares that shareholders acquired or acquire after December 31, 2011 (“Covered Shares”). Each Fund, or its administrative agent, must report to the Internal Revenue Service and furnish to its shareholders the basis information for Covered Shares. See “Distributions and Taxes” in the SAI for a description of the rules regarding that election and each Fund’s reporting obligation.

Any investor for whom a Fund does not have a valid taxpayer identification number may be subject to backup withholding. Backup withholding may be required in certain other circumstances (see “Distributions and Taxes” in the SAI).

In addition to the federal income tax, certain individuals, trusts, and estates may be subject to a net investment income (“NII”) tax of 3.8%. The NII tax is imposed on the lesser of: (i) a taxpayer’s investment income, net of deductions properly allocable to such income, or (ii) the amount by which the taxpayer’s modified adjusted gross income exceeds certain thresholds (\$250,000 for married individuals filing jointly, \$200,000 for unmarried individuals and \$125,000 for married individuals filing separately). A Fund’s distributions may be includable in a shareholder’s investment income for purposes of this NII tax. In addition, any capital gain realized by a shareholder upon a sale or redemption of Fund shares may be includable in such shareholder’s investment income for purposes of this NII tax. Shareholders should consult their own tax advisers regarding the effect, if any, this provision may have on their investment in Fund shares.

The tax considerations described in this section do not apply to tax deferred accounts or other nontaxable entities. Because everyone’s tax situation is unique, please consult your tax professional about your investment.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following tables describe the Funds' performance for the past five years ended December 31, 2016. Each Fund's fiscal year end is December 31. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. Total return shows how much your investment in the Fund would have increased (or decreased) during each period, assuming you had reinvested all dividends and other distributions.

The financial highlights for the years shown were audited by Tait, Weller & Baker LLP, the Funds' independent registered public accounting firm, whose report, along with the Funds' financial statements, are included in the annual report, which is available upon request. This table should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and related notes that have been incorporated by reference into the SAI.

<b>MIDAS FUND</b>					
For the Year Ended December 31,					
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
<b>Per Share Data (for a share outstanding throughout each period)</b>					
Net asset value, beginning of period .....	\$0.71	\$0.99	\$1.38	\$2.59	\$3.57
Income (loss) from investment operations:					
Net investment loss <sup>(1)</sup> .....	(0.03)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.04)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments .....	0.49	(0.26)	(0.37)	(1.19)	(0.94)
Total from investment operations .....	0.46	(0.28)	(0.39)	(1.21)	(0.98)
Net asset value, end of period* .....	\$1.17	\$0.71	\$0.99	\$1.38	\$2.59
<b>Total Return</b> .....	64.79 %	(28.28) %	(28.26) %	(46.72) %	(27.45) %
<b>Ratios/Supplemental Data</b>					
Net assets at end of period (000s omitted) .....	\$18,822	\$10,058	\$14,260	\$20,815	\$44,884
Ratio of expenses to average net assets <sup>(2)</sup> .....	3.39 %	4.00 %	3.04 %	3.02 %	2.94 %
Ratio of net investment loss to average net assets.....	(2.49) %	(2.18) %	(1.69) %	(1.30) %	(1.49) %
Portfolio turnover rate.....	2 %	11 %	31 %	17 %	12 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Average shares outstanding during the period are used to calculate per share data.

<sup>(2)</sup> The ratio of expenses excluding loan interest and fees on bank borrowings to average net assets was 3.17%, 3.99%, 2.97%, 2.96%, and 2.85% for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively.

\* Redemption fees from capital share transactions were less than \$0.005 per share.

**MIDAS MAGIC**

For the Year Ended December 31,

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
<b>Per Share Data (for a share outstanding throughout each period)</b>					
Net asset value, beginning of period .....	\$18.10	\$23.05	\$24.33	\$18.73	\$16.00
Income (loss) from investment operations:					
Net investment loss <sup>(1)</sup> .....	(0.34)	(0.40)	(0.50)	(0.46)	(0.57)
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments .....	2.79	(0.38)	0.96	7.53	3.30
Total from investment operations .....	2.45	(0.78)	0.46	7.07	2.73
Less distributions:					
Realized gains .....	(3.97)	(4.17)	(1.74)	(1.47)	-
Net asset value, end of period* .....	\$16.58	\$18.10	\$23.05	\$24.33	\$18.73
<b>Total Return</b> .....	13.44%	(3.56)%	1.82%	37.79%	17.06%
<b>Ratios/Supplemental Data</b>					
Net assets at end of period (000s omitted) .....	\$13,643	\$13,142	\$15,186	\$16,738	\$13,245
Ratio of expenses to average net assets <sup>(2)</sup> .....	4.04%	3.92%	3.59%	3.37%	4.93%
Ratio of net investment loss to average net assets...	(1.88)%	(1.79)%	(2.00)%	(2.10)%	(3.18)%
Portfolio turnover rate .....	49%	37%	30%	13%	20%

<sup>(1)</sup> Average shares outstanding during the period are used to calculate per share data.

<sup>(2)</sup> The ratio of expenses excluding loan interest and fees on bank borrowings to average net assets was 3.82%, 3.81%, 3.49%, 3.31%, and 4.76% for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively.

\* Redemption fees from capital share transactions were less than \$0.005 per share.

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# NEW ACCOUNT APPLICATION

Open your account online at [www.MidasFunds.com](http://www.MidasFunds.com) or use this Account Application to open a regular Midas Account.

Mail this completed Application and check payable to Midas Funds to:

Midas Funds, Box 46707, Cincinnati, OH 45246-0707.

For an IRA or other tax advantaged accounts, please call 1-800-400-MIDAS (6432) or go to [www.MidasFunds.com/forms](http://www.MidasFunds.com/forms)

**IMPORTANT:** In compliance with the USA Patriot Act, federal law requires all financial institutions (including mutual funds) to obtain, verify, and record information that identifies each person who opens an account.

**WHAT THIS MEANS FOR YOU:** When you open an account, we must receive your name, address, date of birth, and other information that will allow us to identify you. We may also ask for additional identifying documents. The information is required for all owners, co-owners, or anyone authorized to sign or transact on behalf of a legal entity that will own the account. We will return your application if this information is missing. If we are unable to verify this information, your account may be closed and you will be subject to all applicable costs.

**1 REGISTRATION** (Please type or print.) For assistance with this Application, please call 1-800-400-MIDAS (6432) 8 a.m. - 6 p.m. ET.  
**Individual or Custodian of a Gift/Transfer to a Minor:**

First Name Middle Initial Last Name Social Security # Date of Birth

**Joint Tenant:** Note: Registration will be Joint Tenants with Right of Survivorship, unless otherwise specified here as Tenants in Common

First Name Middle Initial Last Name Social Security # Date of Birth

**Gift/Transfer to a Minor:**

Minor's First Name Minor's Middle Initial Minor's Last Name Minor's Social Security # Minor's Date of Birth

Minor's Address (if different than custodian address) City State / Zip

**2 MAILING AND E-MAIL ADDRESSES, TELEPHONE NUMBER, AND CITIZENSHIP**

Street Address (physical address) City State / Zip Daytime Telephone

Mailing Address (if different from above) City State / Zip Daytime Telephone

Citizen of  U.S.  Other:

Citizen of  U.S.  Other:

E-mail Address Owner (If other, attach IRS Form W-8.) Joint Owner (If other, attach IRS Form W-8.)

PLEASE TELL US HOW YOU HEARD ABOUT MIDAS:

**3 FUND(S) CHOSEN AND AMOUNT INVESTED** (\$1,000 minimum per Fund) Note: The \$1,000 initial investment minimum is waived if you elect to invest \$100 or more each month through the free, automatic Midas Systematic Investment Program (see Section 7).

MIDAS FUND

MIDAS MAGIC

TOTAL

\$ [ ] + \$ [ ] = \$ [ ]

**By Check:** Please draw your check to the order of **Midas Funds** and enclose with this Application. **Third party checks and money orders cannot be accepted.**

**By Wire:** Please complete this Application (except for the sentence in brackets below) and fax to 1-877-513-0756 with the name of the sending bank and amount to be wired before making an initial investment by wire. You will then be assigned a Midas account number and wiring address. Then, fill in the blanks below and mail to Midas.



[Please indicate the assigned Midas account number \_\_\_\_\_ and the date the wire was sent \_\_\_\_\_.]

**4 DISTRIBUTIONS** If no box is checked, the Automatic Compounding Option will be assigned to increase the shares you own.

- Automatic Compounding Option** Dividends and distributions reinvested in additional shares.  
 **Payment Option** Dividends and distributions in cash.

**5 SHAREHOLDER COMMUNICATIONS** Account and confirmation statements, shareholder reports, and prospectuses will be sent to the address you provided in Section 2 above by U.S. mail. After your Midas account is established, to change to e-delivery please visit [www.MidasFunds.com/e-delivery](http://www.MidasFunds.com/e-delivery).

**6 COST BASIS** If no box is checked, the Average Cost method will be assigned as the default cost basis method.

- Average Cost**  **First In, First Out**  **Last In, First Out**  **Low Cost, First Out**  **High Cost, First Out**  **Loss/Gain Utilization**  
 **Specific Lot Identification** We collect this information to report cost basis information on IRS Form 1099-B. This cost basis method will be applied to all mutual funds with the same ownership unless a different method is provided for specific funds on a separate page. Visit [www.MidasFunds.com/tax-planning](http://www.MidasFunds.com/tax-planning) for information on cost basis.

**7 MIDAS SYSTEMATIC INVESTMENT PROGRAM AND THE MIDAS TOUCH®** - Check the box for the service(s) you want for your account, and below please attach a voided check.

- Midas Systematic Investment Program** - Starting \_\_\_\_\_ (date) automatically purchase shares of \_\_\_\_\_

(Fund Name) each month by transferring \$ \_\_\_\_\_ (\$100 minimum) from my bank account each month. I understand there is no charge by Midas for this service.

- THE MIDAS TOUCH** - All Midas shareholders can access account information 24 hours a day, every day, at [www.MidasFunds.com](http://www.MidasFunds.com) and 1-800-400-MIDAS (6432). With THE MIDAS TOUCH®, you can also manage your account by purchasing or redeeming Fund shares with the proceeds from and to your bank account, transfer between the Midas Funds, and perform telephone transactions through a Shareholder Services Representative.

To participate in the Midas Systematic Investment Program or to get THE MIDAS TOUCH, please attach a voided check.

**8 SIGNATURE AND CERTIFICATION TO AVOID BACKUP WITHHOLDING**

"I certify that I have received and read the prospectus for the Midas Funds, agree to its terms, and have the legal capacity to purchase their shares. I understand that no certificates will be issued and that my confirmation statement will be evidence of my ownership of Fund shares. I acknowledge receipt of the Fund's privacy policy notice. I understand telephone conversations with representatives of the transfer agent and Midas Securities Group, Inc., (collectively "Service Agents") are recorded and hereby consent to such recording. I agree that the Service Agents will not be liable for acting on instructions believed genuine and under reasonable procedures designed to prevent unauthorized transactions. I certify (1) the Social Security or taxpayer identification number provided above is correct, (2) I am not subject to backup withholding because (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the IRS that I am subject to backup withholding, or (c) I have been notified by the IRS that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and (3) I am a U.S. person (including a U.S. resident alien)." (Please cross out item 2 if it does not apply to you.) The Internal Revenue Service does not require your consent to any provision of this document other than the certifications required to avoid backup withholding.

Signature of  Owner  Custodian \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Signature of Joint Owner (if any) \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

This Account Application must be signed and completed by all authorized signers.

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## FOR MORE INFORMATION

For investors who want more information on the Midas Funds, the following documents are available, free of charge, upon request and at [www.midasfunds.com](http://www.midasfunds.com):

- **Annual/Semi-Annual Reports.** Provide additional information about each Fund's investments, including performance data, portfolio holdings, and a letter from the Funds' portfolio manager discussing recent market conditions, economic trends, and investment strategies that significantly affected the Funds' performance during the last fiscal period.
- **Statement of Additional Information (SAI).** Provides additional information about the Funds, including a more technical and legal description of the Funds' policies, investment restrictions, and business structure. A current SAI is on file with the SEC and is incorporated by reference herein (is legally considered part of this prospectus).

**To obtain a copy of the Funds' SAI or Annual and Semi-Annual Reports free of charge, to request other information about a Fund, or to make shareholder inquiries, please contact the Funds using the following methods:**

- **By telephone, call:**  
1-800-400-MIDAS (6432) to speak to a Shareholder Services Representative, 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. ET on Business Days and for 24 hour, 7 day a week automated shareholder services.
- **By mail, write to:**  
Regular mail  
Midas Funds  
c/o Ultimus Asset Services, LLC  
P.O. Box 46707,  
Cincinnati, OH 45246-0707  
  
Overnight express mail and courier  
Midas Funds  
c/o Ultimus Asset Services, LLC  
225 Pictoria Drive, Suite 450  
Cincinnati, OH 45246
- **By e-mail, write to:**  
[info@midasfunds.com](mailto:info@midasfunds.com)
- **On the Internet, Fund documents**  
can be viewed online or downloaded from:  
SEC at <http://www.sec.gov>, or  
Midas website at <http://www.midasfunds.com>

You can also review and copy information about the Funds (including the SAI) at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC (for information, call 1-202-551-8090). Reports and other information about the Funds are available on the EDGAR Database at <http://www.sec.gov>. Copies of this information can be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by e-mail request to [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov), or by writing to the SEC's Public Reference Section, Washington, DC 20549-1520.

The Trust's Investment Company Act file number is 811-04316.